

***In the Specification:***

*paragraph at page 6, line 8:*

Fig. 3 is a top plan view of an absorbent garment assembly with the liner removed;

*paragraph at page 9, line 16:*

“Gaskets”, also sometimes called “cuffs” or “containment flaps”; in some instances within the art, are structures within, or on, the personal care product serving as barriers to the escape of bodily exudates. The terms “gaskets”, “flaps” and “containment flaps” will be used interchangeably throughout the application.

*paragraph at page 15, line 14:*

The waste containment section 4 includes multiple layers, as shown in ~~Fig.~~ Figs. 3 and 4, including, for instance, a liquid-permeable body side liner 42 (Fig. 4), an absorbent core layer 44, a surge layer 46, and a liquid-impermeable outer cover 48 which faces away from the wearer. The waste containment section 4 includes waist elastics 22 on the front and back of the garment 2. The leg openings 12 and 14 also include leg elastics 36 which extend substantially around the portion of the leg openings defined by the waste containment section 4.

*paragraph at page 19, line 3:*

The outer cover 48, absorbent core layer 44, surge layer 46 and body side liner 42(not shown) may also be joined together using ultrasonic bonding, thermal bonding, stitch bonding, or any of the adhesive materials described above for the attachment of the leg elastics 36 and the waist elastics 22.

*paragraph at page 24, line 1:*

~~Between~~In the embodiment of Fig. 8, between the longitudinal ends of the garment chassis, the gasket 150 is only attached to the chassis at its attached edge 164, leaving both the inner and outer faces ~~166~~158, ~~168~~156 respectively, of the gasket free to move. The material extensibility in the transverse direction between the garment 2 and the higher tension elastic strands 148 allows the region at the loose edge of the flap containing the lower tension strands 152 to continuously interface with the wearer's body 5 throughout the product life.

*paragraph at page 27, line 4:*

Example 2: A spunbond/meltblown/spunbond laminate comprising two spunbond layers of a 0.4 osy layer of PRISM bicomponent spunbond fibers, as taught in U.S. Patent 5,382,400 to Pike et al., and necked to about 45% of their original width, with a 0.2 osy layer of meltblown ~~Kraton~~KRATON G block copolymer filaments between the spunbond layers, was tested according to the below listed test procedures and found to have a CD Young's modulus of 3.70 psi/%, an MD Young's modulus of 91.02 psi/%, an MD/CD Young's modulus ratio of 24.60, and a hydrohead of 11.33 mbar.